

# Policy for Determining Materiality for Disclosures

Under Regulation 30 of Listing Regulations

<b>Approver</b>	<b>Board of Directors</b>
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## Policy for determining materiality for disclosures

### Policy for Determining Materiality for Disclosures under Regulation 30 of Listing Regulations

#### 1.0 OBJECTIVE

SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (“SEBI Regulations”) require every Listed Entity to disclose events or information (collectively called “Events”) which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, are material.

Regulation 30 of the SEBI Regulations prescribes norms for such disclosure of material information pertaining to the Listed Entity as under:

- a) Events specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Regulations are required to be disclosed irrespective of application of any quantitative or qualitative materiality thresholds as these are “deemed” to be material. The applicable events (also referred to as “deemed disclosures”), so specified presently, are given in Annexure 1.
- b) Events specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Regulations are required to be disclosed to the stock exchanges based on application of the guidelines for materiality. The applicable events, so specified presently, are given in Annexure 2.
- c) Events to which neither Para A nor B of Schedule III applies, should be disclosed if such Events are considered as material in the opinion of the board of directors of the Company.

This Policy has been framed by the Board of Directors of CRISIL Limited (hereinafter referred to in this Policy as “CRISIL” or “the Company” or “the Listed Entity”) with the objective of determining materiality of Events under 1(b) and (c) above, in terms of Regulation 30(4(ii)) of the SEBI Regulations and other incidental matters. The Policy applies in respect of disclosure of material event occurring within CRISIL as well as its subsidiaries.

#### 2.0. AUTHORISED PERSONS

The Chief Financial Officer of CRISIL will be the custodian of the disclosure process. In the event of absence of the Chief Financial Officer on account of vacancy, leave, temporary inaccessibility for any reason, his powers and functions, for the compliance of this Policy, shall be undertaken by any

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other Key Managerial Person of CRISIL (Both Chief Financial Officer and any other Key Managerial Person are hereinafter individually referred to as “Authorised Person”).

The Authorised Person shall have the powers and responsibilities as specified in this Clause:

1. To take a view on the materiality of an event which may qualify for disclosure and resolve any computation and interpretation issues whilst making the materiality assessment.
2. To determine the appropriate time at which the disclosures are to be made to the stock exchanges, based on an assessment of actual time of occurrence of an event to be reported.
3. To review and finalise the details to be disclosed, in consultation with CRISIL MD & CEO.
4. To make disclosures updating material developments on a regular basis, till such time the event is resolved/closed, with relevant explanations
5. To consider such other events that may require disclosure to be made to the stock exchanges which are not explicitly defined in the SEBI Regulations and determine the materiality, appropriate time and contents of disclosure for such matters
6. To formulate operational guidelines for deployment of this Policy.

### 3.0. DEFINITIONS

“Industry Standard Note” shall mean the industry standards note on verification of market rumours recognised by SEBI Circular dated May 21, 2024 and issued by Industry Standards Forum (“ISF”), under Regulations 30(11) of SEBI Regulations, as amended from time to time.

“Mainstream Media” shall cover news sources as specified in Industry Standards Note.

‘Material Price Movement’, shall be calculated as per the framework issued by the stock exchanges in terms of Regulation 30(11) of SEBI Regulations in this regard.

The words and expressions used but not defined herein shall have the same meaning as assigned to those words and expressions under the SEBI Regulations or the Industry Standard Note. If any word and expression is not defined in the SEBI Regulations, such word and expression shall have the same meaning as mentioned under the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 or any other applicable laws or regulations, as the case may be.

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### 4.0. DISCLOSURE PROCESS

1. Any Event purported to be reported under Regulation 30 of SEBI Regulations (reproduced in Annexure 1 and 2 for ease of reference) shall be informed to the Authorised Person on an immediate basis upon occurrence, with adequate supporting data/information to facilitate a prompt and appropriate disclosure. Any other Event, even if not covered under the SEBI Regulations but is potentially of price sensitive nature or non-disclosure of which would result in discontinuity or alteration of publicly available information or is likely to result in a significant market reaction if disclosed at a later date, must also be informed, for further evaluation to the Authorised Person.
2. The Authorised Person will be responsible for ascertaining whether an Event is to be reported on the basis of nature of information, applicability of deeming provisions, relevant impact in terms of discontinuity of market information and materiality. The Secretarial, Finance and Compliance Teams shall assist the Authorised Person in such assessment.
3. After evaluation, the Authorised Person shall issue a suitable disclosure notification to the Stock Exchanges, in consultation with the CRISIL MD & CEO. The Secretarial Team shall assist Authorised Person in such issuance.
4. CRISIL shall use the electronic facilities provided by the Stock exchanges for dissemination in the first instance. Information may subsequently also be disclosed via other media, including the press, website and direct email.
5. Statutory timeframes for disclosure shall be adhered with. Delay, if any, should be sufficiently explained along with the disclosure
6. Regular updates, where relevant, shall be made with relevant explanations.
7. Relevant employees of the Company will be assisted in identification of potentially material information through regular communications and guidance.

### 5.0 MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

1. Materiality of an Event must be determined on a case to case basis depending on specific facts and circumstances relating to it. The criteria given hereunder shall be used as a guide or reference for determining materiality and arriving at the overall decision on whether to report the Event by the Authorised Person.
2. The Company shall consider the following criteria for determination of materiality of events/information specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Regulations only (reproduced in Annexure 2 for ease of reference):

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- a) the omission of disclosure of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly; or
- b) the omission of disclosure of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date; or
- c) the omission of disclosure of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:
  1. 2% (two percent) of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;
  2. 2% (two percent) of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;
  3. 5% (five percent) of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last 3 (three) audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;

In case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) is not applicable, an event or information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the board of directors of the Company, the event or information is considered material.

3. Only such impact which is direct (not derivative), reasonably perceivable (not remote), quantifiable and having a short term horizon of less than 2 (two) years shall be considered.

### 6.0 TIMELINE FOR DISCLOSURES

The Company shall first disclose to the stock exchange(s) all events or information which are material as soon as reasonably possible and in any case not later than the following:

- (i) thirty minutes from the closure of the meeting of the board of directors in which the decision pertaining to the event or information has been taken;
- (ii) twelve hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is emanating from within the Company;
- (iii) twenty four hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is not emanating from within the Company:

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Provided that disclosure with respect to events for which timelines have been specified in Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Regulations (reproduced as Clause 4 of Annexure 1) shall be made within the prescribed timelines.

In case the disclosure is made after the specified timelines, CRISIL shall, along with such disclosure provide the explanation for the delay in making the disclosure.

### **7.0 AVAILABILITY OF DISCLOSURES**

All disclosures made under Regulation 30 of SEBI Regulation shall be available on the CRISIL website for a period of 5 (five) years and will thereafter be archived.

### **8.0 VERIFICATION OF MARKET RUMOURS**

1. The Company is required to confirm, deny or clarify, upon the Material Price Movement, any reported event or information in the Mainstream Media which is not general in nature, and which indicates that a rumour of an impending specific event or information is circulating amongst the investing public. The confirmation, denial or clarification would be made to the Stock Exchanges as soon as reasonably possible, however, but in any case, not later than 24 (twenty-four) hours from the trigger of Material Price Movement.

Provided if the Company confirms the reported event or information, it shall also provide the current stage of such event of information.

2. The Promoters, directors, key managerial personnel or senior management of the Company shall provide adequate, accurate and timely response to queries raised or explanation sought by the Company in order to ensure compliance with the requirements of verification of market rumours under Regulation 30 (11) of SEBI Regulation and the Company shall disseminate the response received from such individual(s) promptly to the stock exchanges.
3. In case there are no rumours as envisaged above, or there is no Market Price Movement, the Company shall not be required to confirm/report the same to the Stock Exchanges.
4. Any impending specific event/information which is in connection to an unlisted subsidiary shall also be confirmed/ denied/ clarified by the Company if there is a Material Price Movement.

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5. For the purpose of verification of market rumours, the Company shall be guided by the Industry Standard Note.
6. For determining 'material business operations' in foreign jurisdictions, the Company has adopted the following criteria:
  - Foreign Jurisdiction where a material subsidiary of CRISIL is registered and operates from. As per the said criteria, United States of America and United Kingdom shall be considered as a foreign jurisdictions with 'material business operations'.
  - The Company shall track news from the foreign news sources identified under this policy for the purposes of compliance with the Industry Standard Note in respect of rumours published in international media. The identified foreign news sources for United Kingdom will be Financial Times and Wall Street Journal and Financial Times for United States of America.
  - The Intimation to Stock Exchanges should be done within 24 (twenty-four) hours from identification of material price movement in the similar process as stated in the Clause above. (Disclosure Process).

### 9.0 POLICY REVIEW

This Policy is framed based on the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 as on September 2, 2015. In case of any subsequent changes in the provisions of the SEBI Regulations or any other regulations which makes any of the provisions in the Policy inconsistent with the SEBI Regulations or any other law, the provisions of the SEBI Regulations or such law would prevail over the Policy. The provisions in the Policy would be modified in due course to make it consistent with law.

This Policy shall be reviewed by the Board as and when any changes are to be incorporated in the Policy due to change in regulations or as may be felt appropriate by the Board or once in three years whichever is earlier.

The list of Events in Annexure 1, as it stands today may be updated, from time to time, by Authorised Persons, to reflect any changes to the SEBI Regulations and the updated version be issued and published as necessary, without any requirement for approval from the Audit Committee or the Board of Directors.

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### Annexure 1

1. Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation, merger, demerger or restructuring), sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s) or whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the listed entity, sale of stake in associate company of the listed entity or any other restructuring.

Explanation.(1) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, the word 'acquisition' shall mean,-

- (i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or,
- (ii) acquiring or agreement to acquire shares or voting rights in a company, whether existing or to be incorporated, whether directly or indirectly, such that -
  - (a) the listed entity holds shares or voting rights aggregating to five per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company, or;
  - (b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub-para and such change exceeds two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company; or
  - (c) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30

Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “sale or disposal of subsidiary” and “sale of stake in associate company” shall include-

- i. an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the listed entity; or
- ii. an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “undertaking” and “substantially the whole of the undertaking” shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.



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3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).
4. Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors: The listed entity shall disclose to the Exchange(s), within 30 minutes of the closure of the meeting, held to consider the following:
  - a) dividends and/or cash bonuses recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
  - b) any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
  - c) the decision on buyback of securities;
  - d) the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken
  - e) increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares shall be credited/dispatched;
  - f) reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
  - g) short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
  - h) financial results;
  - i) decision on voluntary delisting by the listed entity from stock exchange(s).

“Provided that in case of board meetings being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes of end of the meeting for the day on which it has been considered”

5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the listed entity), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.
- 5A. Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of

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any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the listed entity is a party to such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by a listed entity in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term “directly or indirectly” includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that listed entity shall or shall not act in a particular manner.

6. Fraud/defaults by a listed entity, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the listed entity, whether occurred within India or abroad:

Explanation 1- In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in ‘default’ if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.

Explanation 2- Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the listed entity

7. Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.
8. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.
9. Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:
  - i. Decisions to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
  - ii. Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
  - iii. Finalization of Resolution Plan;
  - iv. Implementation of Resolution Plan

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- v. Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/restructuring plan as decided by lenders.”
10. One time settlement with a bank.
  11. Winding-up petition filed by any party / creditors.
  12. Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the listed entity.
  13. Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the listed entity.
  14. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of listed entity, in brief.
  15. a) Schedule of Analyst or institutional investor meet at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet) and presentations made by the listed entity to analysts or institutional investors.  
Explanation: For the purpose of this clause ‘meet’ shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means.
  - b) Audio or video recordings and transcripts of post earnings/quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means, simultaneously with submission to the recognized stock exchange(s), in the following manner:
    - i. the presentation and the audio/video recordings shall be promptly made available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;
    - ii. the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website within five working days of the conclusion of such calls
  16. In case of resignation of the auditor of the listed entity, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.

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17. Resignation of independent director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the listed entity, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the listed entities:

- i. The letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director.
- ia. Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any.
- ii. The independent director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided.
- iii. The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges along with the disclosures as specified in sub-clause (i) and (ii) above.

18. In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the listed entities within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.

19. In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the listed entity was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).

20. Events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of a listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency Code in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

21. In case of forensic audit, (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges:

- a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit along with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available;

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- b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the company along with comments of the management, if any.

### **Explanation:**

*For the purpose of disclosure, forensic audit initiated by the management, lenders, or regulatory/enforcement agencies would :*

- i. cover only those audits which are initiated with the objective of detecting any misstatement in financials or misappropriation/siphoning or diversion of funds*
- ii. not cover matters like product control practices, manufacturing practices, recruitment practices and supply chain process including procurement and matters that would not require any revision to the financial statements already issued by listed entity*

22. Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of a listed entity, in relation to any event or information which is material for the listed entity in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain by the listed entity.

23. Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:

- (a) search or seizure; or
  - (b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or
  - (c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013;
- along with the details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed as prescribed.

24. Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:

- (a) suspension;
- (b) imposition of fine or penalty;
- (c) settlement of proceedings;

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- (d) debarment;
  - (e) disqualification;
  - (f) closure of operations;
  - (g) sanctions imposed;
  - (h) warning or caution; or
  - (i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called;
- along with the details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed as prescribed.

25. Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the listed entity under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.

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### Annexure 2

1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division.
2. Any of the following events pertaining to the listed entity:
  - (a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or
  - (b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or
  - (c) closure of operation of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal)
3. Capacity addition or product launch.
4. Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business.
5. Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof.
6. Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the listed entity due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.
7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the listed entity.
8. Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the listed entity.
9. Frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.
10. Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme.
11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety by whatever named called, for any third party.

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12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.
13. Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority.
14. Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the listed entity which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the listed entity to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.



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### **About Crisil Limited**

Crisil is a global, insights-driven analytics company. Our extraordinary domain expertise and analytical rigour help clients make mission-critical decisions with confidence.

The largest and highly respected firms partner with us for the most reliable opinions on risk in India, and for uncovering powerful insights and turning risks into opportunities globally. We are integral to multiplying their opportunities and success.

Headquartered in India, Crisil is majority owned by S&P Global.

Founded in 1987 as India's first credit rating agency, our expertise today extends across businesses: Crisil Ratings, Crisil Intelligence, Crisil Coalition Greenwich and Crisil Integral IQ.

Our globally diverse workforce operates in the Americas, Asia-Pacific, Europe, Australia and the Middle East, setting the standards by which industries are measured.

For more information, visit [www.Crisil.com](http://www.Crisil.com)